# **Using Ohio Tax Records to Find Family**

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### Where Can I Find Tax Records?

Ohio tax records are filed in the auditor's office at the county level. The Ohio History Connection (state historical society) has duplicate copies of many tax records for the state on microfilm in their repository. Sometimes the originals (filed in book format) can be found at the local auditor's office or county archives.

Historical tax records (1803-1838/1850) for most counties can be found online at FamilySearch in the catalog for the specific county under the tax category. (<u>https://familysearch.org/search/catalog</u>) Some counties (Ashtabula, Belmont, Carroll, Columbiana, Guernsey, Harrison, Jackson, Jefferson, Monroe, Trumbull, and Washington) for the years 1816 through 1838 also have indexes in the historical record collection on FamilySearch (<u>https://familysearch.org/search/collection/1473259</u>). For earlier tax years go to <u>https://www.familysearch.org/search/catalog/451489?availability=Family%20History%20Library</u>

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	Ohio	Births and Christenings, 1821-1962		1,340,325	22 July 2021	
	Ohio	Death Index, 1908-1932, 1938-1944, a	and 1958-2007	7,601,863	7 June 2022	
	Ohio	Deaths and Burials, 1854-1997		483,826	3 November 2021	
Ohio Deaths, 1908-1953				2,741,299	5 October 2021	ර
Ohio Marriages, 1800-1942			2,577	3 November 2020	Ô	
Ohio Marriages, 1800-1958			629,169	22 July 2021		
Ohio Probate Records, 1789-1996			739	28 August 2018	ර	
	Ohio	Soldier Home Records, 1888-1919		10,103	24 October 2017	Ô
	Ohio	Tax Records, 1800-1850		5,717,563	25 October 2021	Ô
		Athens County, Deceased Veteran Gra ile Index, 1819-1936	ve Registration	5,553	5 October 2020	Ô
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Auditor of each county. I Ashtabula, Belmont, Carr Jackson, Jefferson, Monr	Research Wiki	owing Ohio counties: a, Guernsey, Harrison, Id Washington. The majority of		Notes Ohio Tax Records are available on	line, click here.	
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### Why Do I Want to Use Tax Records?

Tax records can provide information about property ownership and real estate, which can lead to other records such as deeds or probate records. Inclusion in the tax list proves that person was alive in that locality for the year preceding the year they were taxed. Tax records can be helpful to distinguish people with the same name living in the same area at the same time because they will be taxed on different property often for a different amount. This is especially helpful if they didn't own land.

What might be included in tax records?

- Changing ownership of property especially from the husband to the wife can help narrow down the time when the husband died.
- Distribution of land to heirs when the estate was probated whether or not there was a will. Sometimes by following the money and how the land was passed on is the only way kinship can be proven.
- A livestock count (horses, cows, etc.)
- Detailed description of the land and from whom they originally purchased it

Types of Local Taxes

- **Poll Tax** every man over 21 and every servant over 16 years was taxed. These can be a great substitute if census records are missing. They did not have to own property to be taxed. This was sometimes known as a "Head Tax".
- **Personal Property Tax (Chattels)** taxes paid on personal property such as horses, sheep, cattle, pigs, slaves (not in Ohio though), carriages, watches, windows, built in closets, and tea. It often also includes the amount of taxes they paid to the state and county, amount paid for the county and road tax, and amount paid for the school tax.
- **Real Estate Tax** taxes paid for all land or property (real estate) owned in Ohio annually for the year after they resided in the location. The proprietor (landowner) was always listed along with details on the location at which they lived and for which they were taxed for property owned. It often also includes the amount of taxes they paid to the state and county, amount paid for the county and road tax, and amount paid for the school tax. Sometimes details on all males eligible to vote were included as well as the number of school age children.
- **Delinquent Taxes** a list of people who failed to pay their taxes. Delinquent tax payers may be listed in the newspapers.
- Inheritance Taxes a list of people who owed taxed for land or items they inherited from an estate.

### Using Tax Records to Find Deeds

Find your ancestor in the tax records for the county in which they lived in the catalog on FamilySearch. Use the magnifying glass icon (if it exists) to narrow down and find your ancestor's name more quickly. Partial names using the wildcard \* can help find people with misspelled names. Once you find them, look at the original image and note the township, section, and range (or whatever system is used for recording where they lived).

Deeds often have indexes by location and also by name. FamilySearch generally only has digitized the indexes listed by name. To search the deed indexes by location, you may need to visit the county

recorder's office in person or hire someone to obtain a copy for you. Searching for deeds by location allows you to track the property over time even if it is sold. Choose the applicable location index book and match the location exactly as you found it in the tax record. If you are unable to visit the local recorder's office to search for the location deed indexes, use the deed name index and search for them in the grantors (sellers) and grantees (index). The location may be listed in the index and is always included on the actual deed.

Keep in mind that sometimes deeds are unrecorded, especially if it was a lot sold at the creation of the town - this might be a private land sale and be recorded elsewhere such as in the probate records for an estate. Follow the property transactions over time and see if the deed was later recorded.

Make sure if you find tax or deed records online, you attach them as sources to the relevant person in the family tree on FamilySearch so other family members can benefit from your discovery.

### Using Tax Records and Deeds to Find Your Ancestor's property on a Map

To find your ancestor's property on a map you will follow the similar steps as finding them on a deed.

- Identify the Ohio county or counties they resided in
- Go to the FamilySearch catalog and type in the county and state of Ohio (e.g. Ohio, Warren)
  - Scroll down to the **Taxation** category (if it exists if not you will have to search locally) and click on the duplicate tax record link
  - Choose the applicable year(s) and click on the magnifying glass (if there is one)
  - Type in the surname or partial surname with an asterisk as well as the given name or partial given name with an asterisk (i.e. Given Name = Da\* Surname = Flinn)
  - See if any matches appear, if so, click on the blue name link and view the record
  - Find their name and note the location where they resided
- Go to the FamilySearch catalog for that same county
  - Scroll down to the Land and Property category
  - Choose the deed collection where the author is from the recorder.
  - Scroll down and find the index
  - Search the grantor and grantees indexes for your person and note the book and page. (Sometimes genealogical societies will have indexes to these. Look for them – it wills save time).
  - $\circ$   $\,$  Go to the deed book and click on the camera icon
  - Find the matching book and page (sometimes multiple books are on the same microfilm, so make sure you navigate and search the correct images for the book you want).
  - Note the grantors / grantees names and legal description for the land owned and see if it matches the tax records.
- Find a Map for your county close to the date they owned land
  - o Many of these are in county atlases or can be found at the public libraries for that area
  - Go to the town / township where your ancestor was mentioned in the deed as residing
  - Find the applicable section on the map. Look at the names listed in that area. If your ancestor's name is not on the map, see if anyone who bought or sold property to them is listed. If not, you will have to estimate where they lived based on the legal description in the deed.

Subjects Locality Subjects United States, Ohio, Warren - Taxation					
Film/Digital Notes					
Note Location Collection/Shelf Film DGS For					
1816-1826 Family History Library United States & Canada 2nd Floor Film 514202 4849171 Q					
1827-1828 Family History Library United States & Canada 2nd Floor Film 534810 4849282 Q					
1829-1830 Family History Library United States & Canada 2nd Floor Film 534811 4849283 Q					
1831-1832 Family History Library United States & Canada 2nd Floor Film 514203 4849172 <b>Q</b>					
1833-1834 Family History Library United States & Canada 2nd Floor Film 514204 4849178 Q					
1835 Family History Library United States & Canada 2nd Floor Film 534812 4849284 Q					
1836-1838 Family History Library United States & Canada 2nd Floor Film 522500 4849180 Q					

<b>FamilySearch</b> Family Tree	Search Memories Get Invo		
Results (22,653)			
Collection Sex Race	Other		
Name	Events Tax Assessment 1820 Warren, Ohio, United States		
Nathl Paishall			
Principal			
Ohio Tax Records, 1800-1850			
Joseph Mount	Tax Assessment 1825 Warren, Ohio, United States		
Principal			
Ohio Tax Records, 1800-1850			



Filters for the given name of "J\*" and surname "Cre\*" reduce the search results significantly

Names are often misspelled; use wildcards and partial names to find people and narrow your results

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1837 tax record for John Small. Notice it says he lived on military survey 854.

## 1838 Clinton Co. Ohio Deed Bk M p.57

This Intenture made to do st to any of May on the year of our Lord one thouse sand cight hundred and this by Gight by and be tween four durate of the county of Clin ton in the state of this of the one fast and and some sall of the county and state afore and of the other part Wetnepith that the said film Inals for and in consideration of the furt of One thousand dollar I to him on hand pair the receipt where of he doth thereby a chrowledge had given, granter, bar into sold releared, and converger, and and by the expresent of grant, bargan, sell, releans, Convey and Co. infirme unto the ever all those acob Imall and un tohis heir I and al traction frances of land, situate and being in the county of Clinton is described as follows. One to act bring part of Military Survey N 854 and bounded as follows to wet beginning at a state Acorner of Panich Mill, 50 acrelot on which the now Lived from which a red oak Sinchelboard A30 14. 25 Links thenes Nay OSI. updet tran ash bur Oak and Maple thence NASWSpoles

This 1838 deed shows John Small was selling land on military survey 854